

LLOYD GEORGE AGREES TO ADVANCE ON GERMANY TRACTION FIGHT ON; 21 CITIES BACK NEW YORK

GREAT CRUSH AT HEARING ON GOV. MILLER'S TRACTION MEASURES IN LEGISLATURE

New Plan to Regulate City's
Traction Little Short of
Confiscation Is Urged.

PLEA FOR THE 6,000,000.

Governor Argues That Traction
in New York City Has
Been Political Football.

By Joseph S. Jordan.
Staff Correspondent of The Evening
World.

ALBANY, March 2.—With twenty-one cities on record as opposing the Governor's traction measure and nine in its favor, following the session of the New York State Conference of Mayors, and with a large delegation from New York City expressing themselves in its favor, the public hearing on the measure opened in the Assembly Chamber this afternoon.

The Chamber was packed as perhaps it never has been before at any hearing. Every available seat was occupied. The aisles and lobby were jammed and the galleries crowded. Among the crowds were representatives of nearly every corporate interest in New York City, the lobby which has been putting bills through the Legislature for years and, more especially, the lobby of the traction interests.

Gov. Miller was given the opportunity of shooting the first bolt and availed himself of it, when the delegation for the city called upon him. He "welcomed" the Administration and made an argument in favor of his measure, which was several times interrupted by applause.

Senator Hiram Johnson was the first speaker to oppose the Governor's plan and was greeted with a great outburst of applause when he appeared in the center aisle of the chamber, at the extreme edge of the circle. Back of him was displayed a siltken banner with a map of Greater New York, bearing the legend:

Mayor Hylan was first presented to the gathering, and said that he was not going to say anything at that time, but would give way to Senator Johnson.

A large delegation of men and

(Continued on Second Page.)

LAWSENS DID NOT
ADOPT MRS. FILER

Woman Now Making Search for
Father Was Merely Brought
Up by Them.

WATERBURY, N. Y., March 2.—Mrs. John Lawsons, a court at the home of Mrs. Ida B. Flower, No. 464 Sherman street, today said that Mrs. Amos Handlett Filer, who is searching for her father, was brought up by her.

Mrs. Lawsons said that she and Mr. Lawsons took the child when two years old from a home in Providence, R. I., after the death of the mother.

NOTED DEMOCRATIC LEADER IN CONGRESS WHO DIED TO-DAY



CARUSO RALLIES AFTER OPERATION

Oxygen Again Employed to Stimulate
Singer's Breathing—His
Fever Reduced.

"Enrico Caruso is better to-day," said Dr. Francis J. Murray when he came from the singer's bedside early this forenoon.

"The drainage of pus from the abscess in his left side at the waist yielded several ounces and brought about a slight abatement of fever. Mr. Caruso's continued fever has greatly worried the physicians attending him. But there has been a change for the better since the abscess was drained."

The following bulletin was issued by the physicians at noon:

"Mr. Caruso is greatly improved. His fever is lower than it has been for several weeks."

(Signed) Erdmann, Evans, Lambert, Stella, Murray.

Oxygen is again being employed to-day to stimulate Caruso's breathing.

HOUSE COMMITTEE UPHOLDS PERSHING

Strikes Out Charge of Unnecessary
Loss of Life on
Armistice Day.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Charges of needless sacrifice of the lives of American soldiers on Armistice Day were struck from a sub-committee report to-day by the House War Investigating Committee after three hours debate.

CHAMP CLARK DIES AFTER 26 YEARS OF CONGRESS SERVICE

Veteran Ex-Speaker Succumbs
to Pleurisy Two Days
Before Term Expires.

WAS IN HIS 71ST YEAR.

Famous Democratic Leader
Had Active Part in Carrying
Out Party's Policies.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Champ Clark died here to-day at 2:30 P. M., in his seventy-first year and within two days of his retirement from the House of Representatives after a service of twenty-six years.

Just before he lapsed into final unconsciousness early to-day those at his bedside heard him whisper: "The question is on the adoption of the conference report."

Death was due to an attack of pleurisy and a complication of disease incident to his advanced age. Up to ten days ago, however, when he developed a severe cold, Mr. Clark had shared actively in proceedings of the House as Democratic leader.

Immediately after the death of Mr. Clark was announced, the house recessed for thirty minutes. Representative Rucker, Democrat, Missouri, who made the announcement, said it was Mr. Clark's wish as expressed through his son, that there be no interruption of Congress in its closing days.

Immediately on reconvening, the House adopted a resolution providing for the payment to Mrs. Clark of a year's salary, totaling about \$8,000.

James Beauchamp Clark, known since childhood as "Champ" Clark of Missouri, was born at Anderson, Ky., March 7, 1850. His father was an itinerant jack of all trades whose calling varied from acting in a sparsely settled country in the place of law courts as an arbitrator of disputes, coach-puller, thinker of pots and kettles, carpenter, housepainter and lay preacher. His mother died when Champ Clark was three years old and his earliest recollection was that of being found on her new made grave in a rainstorm by his father and a searching party of neighbors.

A member of the House of Representatives from Missouri for twenty-seven years, Mr. Clark was twice defeated after his first election in 1883; once in 1895 and again in 1920. He was Speaker of the House from 1911 to 1919.

In his public appearances Champ Clark used a runcous appearance and an awkward handling of his great physique—he was 6 feet 1 inch in height and heavily built; his features were massively impressive and he let his reddish hair grow long, sweeping the shock across his forehead over his right ear. He made himself accepted as the typical Pike County Missourian.

Behind these mannerisms he was a well-grounded scholar; his homely

(Continued on Second Page.)

FRANCE WILL SIGN PEACE WITH TURKS

LONDON, March 2.—(Associated Press.)—Peace will be signed probably to-morrow, but at any rate before the week end, between France and the Turkish Nationalists, it was learned here to-day.

The signing will take place in

Stand on East Front of Capitol Where Harding Will Take Oath



TICKET "SPECS" FINED BY U. S. COURT ON PLEA OF GUILT

Fail to Stamp Price on Back in
Violation of Internal
Revenue Law.

The first punishment meted out to ticket speculators in consequence of the campaign for their regulation by The Evening World was imposed when five men pleaded guilty before Judge Julius M. Mayer in the United States District Court to-day to violating the revenue law by not stamping each ticket held by them with the price charged for it and the date of sale. The penalty is a fine of from \$10 to \$100.

The defendants pleaded for the minimum fine, saying the omission of the stamp was due to the carelessness of clerks, who neglected orders painstakingly given to them by their employers. Capt. John Fine, Assistant United States Attorney, asserted that all of the defendants had been cautioned repeatedly and must have been negligent.

Leo Newman and David A. Ward were fined \$75 each, and Louis Gordon, Archibald J. J. and Ella Susman \$25 each.

TAXES TO KNOCK OUT TICKET SCALPERS

ALBANY, March 2.—The veto by Gov. Miller yesterday of the Fearon-Smith Anti-Ticket Speculator Bill on the ground it is unconstitutional to fix by law the price at which anything shall be sold will prompt the introduction of a bill to tax scalpers out of business. The Governor is ready to sign a measure of this sort, as he has admitted this is the only way the ticket speculators can be reached.

The Federal Government now taxes scalpers 50 per cent. of all they charge over a 50 cent. advance above the box office price of a theatre ticket. The State, it is proposed, shall also impose a similar 50 per cent. tax in which event the entire profit of the scalper, above the 50 per cent. fee, would be eaten up.

300,000 STRIKERS FIGHTING SOVIET TROOPS IS REPORT

Many Killed or Wounded—
Former Russian Officers
Leading the Insurgents.

CRONSTADT IN REVOLT.

Garrison in Petrograd Reported
to Have Handed Over
Arms to Rebels.

LONDON, March 2.—Reports from Russia, received this morning in Helsingfors, Finland, by way of Reval, Estonia, disclose a situation "which may result shortly in the complete overthrow of Soviet rule," says the Central News Helsingfors correspondent.

Reports received in official British circles to-day confirm despatches telling of an anti-Soviet rising in Russia. "They state that the situation in Russia is serious. The latest official news received, however, did not indicate that the Soviet Government had lost control."

Fighting is proceeding in many parts of Russia, with Petrograd and Moscow as the centres of the revolutionary movements, the Central News reports add.

The Orenburg plains, while Gen. An- tonov is in the hands of the rebels, is of gigantic proportions, according to the reports, for 300,000 strikers are declared to be arrayed against the Soviet troops, whose exact number it is impossible to estimate.

"It is reliably reported," the despatch says, "that very many have been killed or wounded on both sides in street fighting, and that there has been considerable property damage. The naval garrison at Cronstadt has joined the rebels."

"Reports of the revolution in Moscow are inexact, doubtless, owing to the censorship. One message indicates that large numbers of former officers of the Russian Army are leading the insurgents there."

"In Petrograd the military cadets, who have been among the most reliable supporters of Soviet rule, suffered heavy casualties. Combined forces of laborers and marines, of whom 100 were former service men, attacked the cadets, drove them through the streets to the schools and quickly overwhelmed them. The surviving cadets only obtained shelter when Soviet reinforcements were rushed up."

"Sanguinary fighting continues in the streets and also in the neighborhood of Petrograd. The garrison, while not participating actively in the fighting, has handed over all its arms and ammunition to the rebels."

The rebels are holding Vassily-Ostrov (a suburb of Petrograd) and important residential quarters of the city.

"In Southeast Russia, Gen. Dutoff (anti-Bolshevik leader of the Orenburg Cossacks), with strong forces of Cossacks is operating successfully in the Orenburg plains, while Gen. Antonov, who is leading the insurgents in the Central Southern and Volga districts, has made a considerable advance which threatens to cut off communications with Caucasus."

"Bad railway communications are handicapping both sides. The Georgian Government has ordered mobilization of all able-bodied Mohammedans, who are instructed to support the Christians defending the country."

Yesterday Gen. Antonov received a slight check at the hands of the Soviet forces and was obliged to give up Mamonov. In the evening, however, there was a great accession to his ranks of peasants and hundreds of deserters from the Soviet Army. The latest bulletin is that Gen. Antonov is preparing another offensive."

FRENCH LONG RANGE GUNS NOW IN POSITION TO SHELL ESSEN AND KRUPP PLANT

British Premier, After Conference
With Military Chiefs, Consents to
Advance of English, French and
Belgian Forces—Accuse Germans
of Bad Faith in Making Proposals.

(Associated Press.)
LONDON, March 2.—Mr. Lloyd George consented to-day to the employment of armed force against Germany, in the event of her non-compliance with Allied demands for reparation, to the extent of the occupation of Mannheim, by British, French and Belgian troops and also of the Ruhr ports on the Rhine where coal is handled.

The British Premier had hitherto declared himself unwilling to use such military measures.

The French long range guns have already been advanced to a point where they will command the City of Essen, the home of the Krupp plant.

The Allies have reached a complete agreement upon their answer to Germany on the reparations question and upon the consequences that will follow her failure to accept their terms, it was learned to-night.

\$500,000 LIQUORS SEIZED IN RAID IN BRONX GARAGE

Dry Agents Fire at Man, With
Shot Gun, Who Is Guard-
ing Whiskey.

Five hundred thousand dollars worth of liquor was seized in an abandoned garage at No. 966 University Avenue, the Bronx, by Federal agents to-day in what they said was the biggest raid that has taken place in the United States since prohibition went into effect.

The agents were forced to fire three shots to gain entrance to the place, and when they got in they found a man standing guard with a shotgun. They subdued and arrested him. The liquor included 2,000 cases and twenty-five barrels of real old whiskey; 300 barrels of wine of vintages that were rare even in pre-prohibition days, and a quantity of other stock.

Vans began removing the liquor to a Federal warehouse this afternoon, and it was believed the task would last all night and all day to-morrow.

Many Army Nominations Confirmed.
WASHINGTON, March 2.—The nomination of Brig.-Gen. Frank McIntyre to be Chief of the War Department Bureau of Insular Affairs was confirmed to-day by the Senate in open session. The nominations of several hundred officers, including Majors, Lieutenants, Colonels and Captains also were confirmed.

Furs Worth \$7,000 Stolen.
Another burglary in the West 1234 Street Police Precinct, which lately has been a favorite hunting ground, was revealed to-day by Megan and Chase, turners, No. 323 Lenox Avenue, who said furs worth \$7,000 were taken Sunday night from the shop at that address. A rear window was forced.

The German customs in the occupied territory would be taken over as the first step in forcing the payment of Germany's obligations, should that prove necessary, under plans being drawn to-day by a committee of the Supreme Council.

The Germans to-day were merely marking time, awaiting the summons of the Allies to hear the decision on the German proposals. The results of yesterday's conference had been communicated to Berlin by the German delegates, but up to this afternoon they had received no new instructions from their Government.

British newspapers were unanimous to-day in declaring the German offer of the equivalent of \$7,000,000,000 in